

Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)

A clinical trial to compare tiragolumab plus atezolizumab with placebo plus atezolizumab in people with untreated advanced non-small cell lung cancer.

A Study of Tiragolumab in Combination With Atezolizumab Compared With Placebo in Combination With Atezolizumab in Patients With Previously Untreated Locally Advanced Unresectable or Metastatic PD-L1-Selected Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Trial Status
Active, not recruiting

Trial Runs In
24 Countries

Trial Identifier
NCT04294810 2019-002925-31,
2022-502482-17-00 GO41717

The source of the below information is the publicly available website *ClinicalTrials.gov*. It has been summarised and edited into simpler language.

Trial Summary:

The purpose of the study is to evaluate the efficacy and safety of tiragolumab plus atezolizumab compared with placebo plus atezolizumab in participants with previously untreated locally advanced, unresectable or metastatic PD-L1-selected non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC), with no epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) mutation or anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) translocation. Eligible participants will be randomized in a 1:1 ratio to receive either tiragolumab plus atezolizumab or placebo plus atezolizumab.

Hoffmann-La Roche
Sponsor

Phase 3
Phase

NCT04294810 2019-002925-31, 2022-502482-17-00 GO41717
Trial Identifiers

Eligibility Criteria:

Gender
All

Age
≥18 Years

Healthy Volunteers
No

How does the GO41717 clinical trial work? This clinical trial is recruiting people who have a type of disease called non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC). In order to take part, patients must have advanced has spread to other parts of the body).

ForPatients

by Roche

The purpose of this clinical trial is to compare the effects, good or bad, of tiragolumab plus atezolizumab against placebo plus atezolizumab in patients with NSCLC. If you take part in this clinical trial, you will receive either tiragolumab plus atezolizumab or a placebo plus atezolizumab.

How do I take part in this clinical trial? To be able to take part in this clinical trial, you must have been diagnosed with advanced or metastatic NSCLC.

You must not have received previous treatment for advanced or metastatic NSCLC and you cannot join the trial if you are pregnant or breastfeeding.

If you think this clinical trial may be suitable for you and would like to take part, please talk to your doctor. If your doctor thinks that you might be able to take part in this clinical trial, he/she may refer you to the closest clinical trial doctor. They will give you all the information you need to make your decision about taking part in the clinical trial. You can also find the clinical trial locations on this page.

You will have some further tests to make sure you will be able to take the treatments given in this clinical trial. Some of these tests or procedures may be part of your regular medical care. They may be done even if you do not take part in the clinical trial. If you have had some of the tests recently, they may not need to be done again.

Before starting the clinical trial, you will be told about any risks and benefits of taking part in the trial. You will also be told what other treatments are available so that you may decide if you still want to take part.

While taking part in the clinical trial, both men and women (if you are not currently pregnant but can become pregnant) will need to either not have heterosexual intercourse or take contraceptive medication for safety reasons.

What treatment will I be given if I join this clinical trial? Everyone who joins this clinical trial will be split into 2 groups randomly (like flipping a coin) and given either:

- Tiragolumab plus atezolizumab given as infusions into the vein every 3 weeks
- OR placebo plus atezolizumab, given as infusions into the vein every 3 weeks

You will have an equal chance of being placed in either group.

This is a 'placebo-controlled' clinical trial, which means that one of the groups will be given medicine with no active ingredients (also known as a 'placebo'). A placebo is used to show that the doctor or the patients do not sway the results of the clinical trial.

Neither you nor your clinical trial doctor can choose or know the group you are in. However, your clinical trial doctor can find out which group you are in, if your safety is at risk.

How often will I be seen in follow-up appointments and for how long? During this study, you will come in for visits approximately every 3 weeks while you are receiving treatment.

You will continue to receive study treatment on a regular basis unless your cancer worsens or if your doctor determines there is no benefit of continuing treatment. After your final dose, your study doctor will follow up with you about every 3 months for as long as you agree to it. Your total time in the study will depend on how your SCLC responds to treatment. This could range from 1 day to more than 12 months.

What happens if I am unable to take part in this clinical trial?

If this clinical trial is not suitable for you, you will not be able to take part. Your doctor will suggest other clinical trials that you may be able to take part in or other treatments that you can be given. You will not lose access to any of your regular care.

For more information about this clinical trial see the **For Expert** tab on the specific ForPatient page or follow this link to [ClinicalTrials.gov](https://clinicaltrials.gov)

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